Setaflex Semi-Rapid

Semi-Rapid setting deformable mineral adhesive.

For porcelain tiles, ceramic tiles and natural stone.



- 1. Deformable (S1 tested)
- 2. Suitable for underfloor heating systems
- 3. Extended pot-life, up to 90 120 min.
- 4. Floors and walls
- 5. For internal and external use



WG

- × Regional Mineral ≥ 60%
- × × Recycled Regional Mineral ≥ 30%
- \times CO₂ Emission \leq 250 g/kg
- ✓ **VOC Low Emission**
- ✓ ✓ Recyclable



Kerakoli Code: P1341 2024/08 UK/EN

Areas of application

→ Intended use

Substrates:

- existing tiles
- waterproofing products
- heating systems
- cement-based screeds
- concrete substrates
- plasterboard
- fibro-cement slabs
- gypsum and anhydrite
- brick/blockwork
- lime and cement-based plasters/renders
- thermal insulation panelling systems
- insulating panels
- impact noise insulation sheets
- timber metal PVC

Materials:

- porcelain tiles
- low thickness slabs
- ceramic tiles
- large size
- natural stone
- recomposed materials
- glass mosaics
- thermal and acoustic insulation
- terracotta klinker

Uses:

- adhesive
- floors and walls
- for internal and external use
- overlaying
- terraces and balconies
- swimming pools and fountains
- saunas and spa
- domestic
- commercial
- industrial
- street furniture

Instructions for use

→ Preparation of the substrate Substrates must comply with BS 5385, parts 1-5, be level, cured, undamaged, compact, rigid, dry and free from any debonding agents. It is good practice to dampen highly absorbent concrete substrates or apply a coat of Active Prime Fix. Anhydrite substrates must have a residual humidity ≤ 0,5 CM-%. Cement-based screeds must have a residual humidity ≤ 2 CM-%. Anchored substrates must comply with BS 8204 and anhydrite with underfloor heating must have a residual humidity ≤ 0,3 CM-%.

 $\rightarrow Preparation \\$

Mixing water (EN 12004-26):

Grey $\approx 22\%$ - 23% by weight

White $\approx 22\%$ - 23% by weight

Mixing water on-site:

Grey $\approx 4.4 - 4.6 \text{ l/1 bag}$ White $\approx 4.4 - 4.6 \text{ l/1 bag}$

The amount of water to be added, indicated on the packaging, is an approximate guide. It is possible to obtain mixtures with consistency of variable thixotropy according to the application to be made.

 $\rightarrow Application$

To guarantee structural adhesion it is necessary to apply a layer of adhesive sufficient to cover the entire back of the coating material.

Large, rectangular sizes with sides > 60 cm and low thickness sheets may require adhesive to be applied directly to the back of the material. Check samples to make sure the adhesive has been

transferred to the back of the material. Create elastic expansion joints:

 $- \approx 10 \text{ m}^2$ in external applications (approx. 3x3 m)

- $\sim 40 \text{ m}^2$ in internal applications (8x5 m) with underfloor heating
- $\approx 100 \text{ m}^2$ in internal applications (10x10 m) without underfloor heating
- every 8 metres in long, narrow applications. Respect all structural, fractionizing and perimeter joints present in the substrates.

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Special notes

properly.

→ Pre-treatment of special substrates

- Timber (internal use only): Active Prime Fix Metal (internal use only): Active Prime Fix Gypsum and anhydrite (internal use only): Active Prime Fix PVC (internal use only): Active Prime Fix As treating special substrates is difficult to classify in a standard manner, it is always advisable to contact Kerakoll Global Service and/or request a site inspection by a GreenBuilding Consultant. In any case it is
- → Materials and special substrates
 Natural stones and recomposed materials:
 materials that are known to be subject to
 deformation or staining due to water absorption
 require a quick-setting or reactive adhesive.

essential to carefully read the technical data

sheet on how to use the indicated primers

Natural stone in general may have characteristics that vary even with reference to materials of the same chemical and physical nature. For this reason it is essential you consult Kerakoll Global Service to request specific indications or to carry out a test on a sample of the material. In the absence of specific indications from the manufacturer, natural stone slabs with reinforcement layers, in the form of resin coating, polymer mesh, matting, etc. or treatments (for example damp courses, etc.) applied on the laying surface must be tested in advance to ensure they are compatible with the adhesive. Check for the presence of any really consistent traces of rock dust created during cutting, and remove them if found.

Waterproofing products: adherent and floating polymer sheets, liquid bitumen and tar-based sheets or membranes require application of a laying screed on top. In the case of reactive waterproofing products (such as RM waterproofing according to EN 14891) it is necessary to use a reactive adhesive.

Certificates and marks











Technical Data compliant with Kera	akoll Quality Standard	
Shelf life	≈ 12 months from production in the original sealed packaging, protect from humidity	
Pack	20 kg	
Adhesive thickness	from 2 to 12 mm	
Temperature of the air, substrates and materials	from +5 °C to +35 °C	
Pot life at +23 °C		
- grey	≈ 90 - 120 min.	
- white	≈ 90 - 120 min.	
Open time at +23 °C (BIII tile):		
- grey	≥ 45 min.	EN 12004-2
- white	≥ 45 min.	EN 12004-2
Foot traffic/grouting of joints at +2	3 °C (BIa tile):	
- grey	≈ 6 hrs	
- white	≈ 6 hrs	
Grouting in walls at +23 °C (BIa tile	e)	
- grey	≈ 5 hrs	
- white	≈ 5 hrs	
Ready for use at +23 °C / +5 °C (Bl	a tile)	
- foot traffic	≈ 6 hrs	
- heavy traffic	≈ 2 - 4 days	
- swimming pools (+23 °C)	≈ 7 days	
Coverage per mm thickness:		
- grey (mixing ratio 23%)	$\approx 1.2 \text{ kg/m}^2$	
- white (mixing ratio 23%)	≈ 1.2 kg/m ²	

Values taken at +23 °C, 50% R.H. and no ventilation. Data may vary depending on specific conditions at the building site, i.e.temperature, ventilation and absorbency level of the substrate and of the materials laid.

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Performance VOC Indoor Air Quality (IAQ) - Volatile organic compound emissions			
НІСН-ТЕСН			
Shear adhesion (porcelain tiles/ porcelain tiles) after 28 days	≥ 2.5 N/mm ²	ANSI A-118.4	
Tensile adhesion (concrete/porcelain tiles) after 28 days	≥ 2.5 N/mm ²	EN 12004-2	
Durability test:			
- adhesion after heat ageing	≥ 1 N/mm ²	EN 12004-2	
- adhesion after water immersion	≥ 1 N/mm ²	EN 12004-2	
- adhesion after freeze-thaw cycles	≥ 1 N/mm ²	EN 12004-2	
Vertical slip	≤ 0.5 mm	EN 12004-2	
Transversal deformation	≥ 2.5 mm	EN 12004-2	
Working temperature	from -40 °C to +90 °C		

 $Values\ taken\ at\ +23\ ^{\circ}C,\ 50\%\ R.H.\ and\ no\ ventilation.\ Data\ may\ vary\ depending\ on\ specific\ conditions\ at\ the\ building\ site.$

Warning

- → Product for professional use
- → abide by any standards and national regulations
- → do not use the adhesive to correct substrate irregularities greater than 12 mm
- → protect from direct rainfall for at least 24 hrs
- → the temperature, ventilation and absorption of the substrate and covering materials, may vary the adhesive workability and setting times
- → use the right size of notched trowel for the format of the tile or slab
- \rightarrow guarantee a full-bed in all external laying operations
- → if necessary, ask for the safety data sheet
- → for any other issues, contact the Kerakoll Worldwide Global Service 01772 456 831 info@kerakoll.co.uk



The Rating classifications refer to the GreenBuilding Rating Manual 2012. This information was last updated in December 2023 (ref. GBR Data Report - 12.23); please note that additions and/or amendments to this information may be made over time by KERAKOLL Spa; for the latest version, see www.kerakoll.com. KERAKOLL SpA shall therefore be liable for the validity, accuracy and updating of information provided only when taken directly from its institutional website. The technical data sheet given here is based on our technical and practical knowledge. As it is not possible for us to directly check the conditions in your building yards and the execution of the work, this information represents general indications that do not bind Kerakoll in any way. Therefore, it is advisable to perform a preliminary test to verify the suitability of the product for your purposes.