Eco-friendly, osmotic action, mineral covering for the guaranteed, long-lasting protection and waterproofing of concrete structures, ideal for use in GreenBuilding. Recyclable as an inert material at the end of its life.

Kerabuild Eco Osmocem is a single-component, thixotropic covering that complies with the performance requirements of EN 1504-2, surface protection systems (C), resistant to positive and negative hydraulic pressure.











# Can be recycled as inert material RATING SYSTEM ACCREDITED BY CERTIFICATION BODY S6S

# **ECO NOTES**

- Can be recycled as mineral inert material, avoiding waste disposal costs and environmental impact

# **PRODUCT STRENGTHS**

- Certified as suitable for the containment of drinking water (grey)
- Excellent levels of resistance to abrasion
- · Resistant to the main environmental attack
- · High resistance to severe chemical attacks



# **AREAS OF USE**

# Use

 $Water proofing \ of:$ 

- foundations, lift shafts
- car parks and basement areas
- exterior foundation walls, also with negative hydrostatic pressure
- irrigation channels, drains, water tanks
- water (including drinking) collection tanks and reservoirs (grey)
- tunnels, galleries, siphons and dams
- bridges and viaducts

 $Fresh\ concrete\ castings,\ prefabricated\ concrete,\ structural\ plasters/renders.$ 

# Do not us

On terraces, non-structural substrates, flexible substrates, walls in gypsum, plasterboard or ready-to-use gypsum-based plasters/renders.

# **INSTRUCTIONS FOR USE**

# **Preparation of substrates**

The substrate must be perfectly cured, free from hygrometric shrinkage, solid (i.e. free of loose or easily removable debris) and free from oil, grease and paint.

Check that the concrete contains no traces of parting compound. The most suitable cleaning methods are sandblasting, shot blasting or washing with pressurised water. When working on weakened parts, when parts of the substrate are missing and also in the case of honeycombs, the substrate must be properly prepared with GeoLite® range mineral mortar.

Before application, substrates must be wetted well but must not include any stagnant water on the surface.

In waterproofing operations for exterior foundation walls and underground structures, cut spacer rods at a depth of approximately 3 cm and fill the holes with GeoLite® Gel organic mineral system.

Create rigid connection shells in horizontal and vertical corners with GeoLite® mineral mortar after having produced by mechanical means a dove-tail channel in the wall-flooring or wall-wall contact line.

<sup>\*</sup> ÉMISSION DANS L'AIR INTÉRIEUR Information sur le niveau d'émission de substances volatiles dans l'air intérieur, présentant un risque de toxicité par inhalation, sur une échelle de classe allant de A+ (très faibles émissions) à C (fortes émissions).



# **INSTRUCTIONS FOR USE**

### Preparation

Kerabuild Eco Osmocem is prepared by mixing 25 kg of powder with the amount of water indicated on the bag. Mix with a low-rev, stirring device for approximately 2 minutes until a mixture with a fluid and smooth consistency is obtained. Pour almost all of the water required into a clean container and gradually add the powder during the mixing operation until the desired consistency is obtained. Leave the mixture to rest for approximately 5 minutes to allow for complete hydration of the micro-components and mix again for approximately 20 seconds before use.

**Expansion joints:** when waterproofing monolithic structures in the presence of expansion joints, it is necessary to connect the opposite surfaces with a suitable technical joint anchored to the substrate and bonded on the overlaying sections before laying Kerabuild Eco Osmocem. If the joint is subject to positive pressure, the underlying seat which is free from movement must be grouted with an eco-friendly polyurethane sealant. If the joint operates with counterthrust, the negative pressure exercised on the central, elastic part of the joint will be counteracted by means of a sheet-metal profile anchored to the concrete with anchoring pins applied to deep slots to allow for the effect of expansion.

### **Application**

Kerabuild Eco Osmocem must be applied with a rigid brush in fibre or with a spreader, depending on the type of work required (simple waterproofing or simultaneous finishing of the substrate), or with a spray. Make adjustments to the mixing water in order to obtain a consistency suitable for the required application. Apply the first coat on a substrate moistened to saturation point but without the presence of stagnant water. Once the product has hardened, apply a second coat (normally 4 – 6 hours, depending on climatic conditions and the degree of absorbency of the substrate. In any case, do not apply the second coat after a period of 24 hours). Apply the second coat in a criss-cross direction as compared with the first coat. The layers of Kerabuild Eco Osmocem must be applied with great care to ensure complete coverage of surfaces and proper connection of the walls and horizontal surfaces by means of connection shells.

### Cleaning

Residual traces of Kerabuild Eco Osmocem can be removed from tools using water before the product hardens.

# **SPECIAL NOTES**

**Application of plaster/render on walls waterproofed with Kerabuild Eco Osmocem:** to facilitate adequate bonding of the plaster/render with the waterproofing layer, once the product has hardened and in any case within a period of 24 hours following application of the last coat, apply a wide rough coat with GeoLite®.

Reservoirs for the containment of drinking water: once the grey Kerabuild Eco Osmocem covering has cured, wash it repeatedly using warm water before laying the tank in order to lower the pH of the cement-based covering.

# **ABSTRACT**

Waterproofing, in the presence of water under positive or negative thrust, of structures in concrete, reinforced concrete, surfaces in structural/cement-based plaster/render integral with the substrate, carried out with an eco-friendly, osmotic action, mineral covering for the guaranteed, long-lasting protection and waterproofing of concrete structures, such as Kerabuild Eco Osmocem by Kerakoll Spa, bearing the CE mark, with GreenBuilding Rating® 1, suitable for the containment of drinking water (grey) and compliant with the performance requirements of standard EN 1504-2.

Appearance	white or grey powder	
Apparent volumetric mass	≈ 1.28 kg/dm³	UEAtc
Mineralogical nature of inert material	silicate - crystalline carbonate	
Grading	0 – 400 μm	UNI 10111
Shelf life	≈ 12 months in the original packaging in dry environment	
Pack	25 kg bags	
Mixing water	≈ 5 – 6 ℓ / 1 bag 25 kg	
Mixture spread	≈ 85%	UNI 7044
Specific weight of the mixture	≈ 1.73 kg/dm³	UNI 7121
pH of the mixture	≥ 12	
Pot life	≥ 1 hr	
Temperature range for application	from +5 °C to +35 °C	
Minimum thickness	≥ 2 mm	
Maximum thickness obtainable	≤ 6 mm	
Maximum thickness obtainable by coat	≈ 3 mm	
Waiting time:		
- before filling	≈ 14 days	
for application of a rough coat	max 24 hrs	
Coverage	≈ 1.5 kg/m² per mm of thickness	



HIGH-TECH		
Resistance to the pressure of water:		
- thickness 2 mm	> 3 bar	DIN 1048
- thickness 6 mm	> 7 bar	DIN 1048
Containment of water intended for human consumption	compliant (grey)	EN 14944-1
Collection, treatment, supply and distribution		
of water intended for human consumption	compliant (grey)	Italian Ministerial Decree 174-06/04/200
Compressive strength after 28 days	> 25 N/mm <sup>2</sup>	EN 196/1
Resistance to abrasion after 28 days	< 3 g, H-22 abrasive disk, 500 g weight, 200 cycles	ASTM D 4060
Resistance to sulphates	No penetration (sulphate ion)	UNI 8019
Resistance to chloride	No penetration (chloride ion)	UNI 7928
Protection and repair of concrete structures compliant to	standard EN 1504-2 (C)	
Permeability to water vapour	class I: SD < 5 m	EN ISO 7783-2
Capillary absorption and water permeability	w < 0.1 kg·m <sup>-2</sup> ·h <sup>-0.5</sup>	EN 1062-3
Bond strength by pull off	> 3 N/mm²	EN 1542
Freeze/thaw cycles with de-icing salts	> 0,8 MPa	EN 13687-1
Resistance to severe chemical attacks:		
- Petrol (1)	class II (28 days)	EN 13529
- Aviation fuel (2)	class II (28 days)	EN 13529
- Diesel oil, unused engine oil, fuel oil (3)	class II (28 days)	EN 13529
- Benzene, crude oil (4)	class II (28 days)	EN 13529
- Glycol ethers (solvents for varnishes and detergents) (5)	class II (28 days)	EN 13529
- halogenated hydrocarbons (6)	class II (28 days)	EN 13529
- Aliphatic aldehydes (8) (8)	class II (28 days)	EN 13529
- Sodium Hydroxide 20% (caustic soda) (11)	class II (28 days)	EN 13529
- Sodium chloride 20% (12)	class I (3 days)	EN 13529
- Cyclic and acyclic ethers (15)	class II (28 days)	EN 13529
Conformity	Principles 1 (PI), 2 (MC), 6 (RC) and 8 (IR)	EN 1504-2

# WARNING

- Product for professional use
- abide by any standards and national regulations
- use at temperatures between +5 °C and +35 °C
- make sure the substrate is not frozen
- protect surfaces from direct sunlight and wind
- allow the product to mature, keeping it moistened during the curing phase
- joints present in the surfaces must be waterproofed with elastic products so as to ensure a perfect seal
- do not add different binders or additives to the mixture
- do not lay on gypsum, metal or wood
- do not apply on dirty or loose surfaces
- if necessary, ask for the safety data sheet
- for any other issues, contact the Kerakoll Worldwide Global Service info@kerakoll.ae  $\,$

The Rating classifications refer to the GreenBuilding Rating® Manual 2012. This information was last updated in September 2020 (ref. GBR Data Report - 10.20); please note that additions and/or amendments may be made over time by KERAKOLL SpA, for the latest version, see www.kerakoll.com. KERAKOLL SpA shall therefore be liable for the validity, accuracy and updating of information provided only when taken directly from its institutional website. The technical data sheet given here is based on our technical and practical knowledge. As it is not possible for us to directly check the conditions in your building yards and the execution of the work, this information represents general indications that do not bind Kerakoll in any way. Therefore, it is advisable to perform a preliminary test to verify the suitability of the product for your purposes.

